

```

1: /******
2: * Notice: This code was 'ripped' from several different places and
3: * should contain all the necessary 'setup' for running the GATOR (Gpu
4: * Accelerated Tetrahedral Renderer) code. You will also need the vertex
5: * programs (for both constant cells and linear cells). This code will
6: * not work as is and is only intended to demonstrate the setup.
7: * Please send all error/questions/comments to bnwylie@sandia.gov.
8: * *****
9:
10: /*****
11: *      GL SETUP CODE
12: * *****
13:
14: void Unstruct_Vol::glSetup() {
15:
16:     string  strToken = "bad";
17:
18:     /* Set up material and lighting */
19:     GLfloat light_ambient[] = { .2, .2, .2, 1.0 };
20:     GLfloat light_diffuse[] = { .7, .7, .7, 1.0 };
21:     GLfloat light_specular[] = { 1, 1, 1, 1.0 };
22:     GLfloat spec[] = {1, 1, 1, 1};
23:     GLfloat color[] = {1, 1, 1, 1};
24:     GLfloat light0[] = {1, 1, 1, 0};
25:     GLfloat shine[] = {128.0};
26:
27:     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color);
28:     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, spec);
29:     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SHININESS, shine);
30:     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, light_ambient);
31:     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, light_diffuse);
32:     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPECULAR, light_specular);
33:     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, light0);
34:     glEnable(GL_LIGHT0);
35:
36:     GLERROR2();
37:
38:
39:     // Set up OpenGL parameters
40:     glShadeModel(GL_SMOOTH);
41:     glEnable(GL_BLEND);
42:     glBlendFunc(GL_SRC_ALPHA, GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA);
43:     glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
44:     glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT, GL_FILL);
45:     glPolygonMode(GL_BACK, GL_LINE);
46:     glEnable(GL_CULL_FACE);
47:
48:     GLERROR2();
49:
50:     // Texture
51:     glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);
52:     glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);
53:     glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_S, GL_CLAMP_TO_EDGE);
54:     glTexEnvf(GL_TEXTURE_ENV, GL_TEXTURE_ENV_MODE, GL_MODULATE);
55:
56:     // Exponential texture
57:     for (i=0;i<4096;i++)
58:         for (j=0;j<4096;j++)
59:             expo_tex[i][j] = 1.0 - exp(-((float)i/256.0)*((float)j/256.0));
60:
61:     glTexImage2D(GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, GL_ALPHA, 4096,4096, 0, GL_ALPHA,
62:                 GL_FLOAT, expo_tex);
63:
64:     GLERROR2();

```

```

65: // Setup required to run vertex program on NVIDIA card
66:
67: #ifdef __linux__
68:
69: streamBuffer << glGetString( GL_EXTENSIONS );
70: while( strToken != "GL_NV_vertex_program" && !streamBuffer.eof() ) {
71:     streamBuffer >> strToken;
72: }
73: if( strToken != "GL_NV_vertex_program" ) {
74:     NVvertexPrograms = 0;
75:     printf("No nv vertex program capability.\n");
76: }
77: else{
78:     NVvertexPrograms = 1;
79:     printf("We have nv vertex program capability.\n");
80: }
81: #else
82: if ( !glh_init_extension("GL_NV_vertex_program") ){
83:     NVvertexPrograms = 0;
84: }
85: else{
86:     NVvertexPrograms = 1;
87: }
88:
89: #endif
90:
91: if (NVvertexPrograms){
92:
93:     const GLubyte *program=NULL;
94:     int plen, i;
95:
96:     /*****
97:     ** Load the vertex program.
98:     *****/
99:     program = getProgram(externalProg, &plen);
100:
101:
102:     if (!program){
103:         fprintf(stderr, "Can't read in vertex program %s\n", externalProg);
104:         NVvertexPrograms = 0;
105:         goto NoGoVprog;
106:     }
107: }
108:
109:     printf("vertex program %s, length %d, read in\n",
110:           externalProg, plen);
111:
112:     glGenProgramsNV(1, &progID); GLERROR();
113:     glBindProgramNV(GL_VERTEX_PROGRAM_NV, progID); GLERROR();
114:
115:     glLoadProgramNV(GL_VERTEX_PROGRAM_NV, progID, plen, program);
116:
117:     if ((glErr=glGetError()) != GL_NO_ERROR){
118:         if (glErr== GL_INVALID_OPERATION){
119:             /* ** display the error in the program
120:             */
121:             programError(plen, (char *)program, externalProg);
122:             NVvertexPrograms = 0;
123:             goto NoGoVprog;
124:         }
125:     }
126:     else{
127:         fprintf(stderr, "tntvol server: %s: %d (%s)\n",
128:               __FILE__, __LINE__, gluErrorString(glErr));
129:         NVvertexPrograms = 0;
130:         goto NoGoVprog;

```

```

130:     }
131: }
132: /*****
133: ** Write parameters to the vertex unit parameter
134: ** registers, track the necessary matrices there also.
135: *****/
136: // Modelview-projection goes into c[0] to c[3]
137: glTrackMatrixNV(GL_VERTEX_PROGRAM_NV, 0, GL_MODELVIEW_PROJECTION_NV,
138:                 GL_IDENTITY_NV);
139: // Other program parameters
140: for (i=0; i < N_VPARAMS; i++){
141:     glProgramParameter4fNV(GL_VERTEX_PROGRAM_NV,
142:                            (GLuint)vparams[i][0],
143:                            vparams[i][1], vparams[i][2], vparams[i][3], vparams[i][4]);
144:     GLERROR();
145: }
146: // NoGoVprog:
147: if (program) free((void *)program);
148: }
149: /*****
150: * END GL SETUP *
151: *****/
152: /*****
153: * VERTEX FEED CODE *
154: *****/
155: Here's how we feed the vertices to the vertex program
156: // the 4 vertices geometric positions
157: glVertexAttrib3fvNV(1, nodes[0]-getXYZ());
158: glVertexAttrib3fvNV(2, nodes[1]-getXYZ());
159: glVertexAttrib3fvNV(3, nodes[2]-getXYZ());
160: glVertexAttrib3fvNV(4, nodes[3]-getXYZ());
161: // color for the vertices
162: // Constant cell
163: glVertexAttrib4fvNV(6, "address of color (RGBA) of cell");
164: OR
165: // Linear cell
166: glVertexAttrib4fvNV(6, "address of color (RGBA) of node");
167: glVertexAttrib4fvNV(7, "address of color (RGBA) of node");
168: glVertexAttrib4fvNV(8, "address of color (RGBA) of node");
169: glVertexAttrib4fvNV(9, "address of color (RGBA) of node");
170: // This is the reciprocal of an optical distance constant
171: // (usually modified by the application based on the average
172: // cell size of the model). We use the reciprocal so that we
173: // don't have to do a divide in the vertex program.
174: // For example: Average cell size is .05 (in model space)
175: // so in order to completely extinguish light the
176: // optical distance will be half of the average
177: // cell size .025. The reciprocal of that is 40.
178: glVertexAttribfNV(5, reciprocal_of_optical_distance);
179: // Which run is this? (the last is identical to the second)
180: // Writing to v[0] here invokes the vertex program.
181: // There is nothing here that the user should change unless
182: // the vertex program is being modified/hacked/improved/etc.
183: glBegin(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN);
184: glVertexAttrib3sNV(0, 1, 0); /* run, run==0, run != 0 */
185: glVertexAttrib3sNV(0, 1, 0, 1);
186: glVertexAttrib3sNV(0, 2, 0, 1);
187: glVertexAttrib3sNV(0, 3, 0, 1);
188: glVertexAttrib3sNV(0, 4, 0, 1);
189: glEnd();
190: /*****
191: * END VERTEX FEED *
192: *****/

```